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PICNeuruppin A	irfield	25X1
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FERENCES		25X
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	/ALUATED Information	25X1
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March 1955:

11 March. Between 0810 and 1600, there was air activity by 8 Mig-15s or U-Mig-15s. Four aircraft practiced flying in elements of two over the field at an altitude of 3,000 meters and for 45 to 50 minutes duration. The other 4 aircraft made individual local flights at an altitude of 500 meters. After 1030, the aircraft flew individually over the field at an altitude of 3,000 meters, landed after 35 minutes and, a 25X1 an interval of 30 minutes, again took off. From 1910 to midnight, there was night flying by 8 aircraft which flew in elements of two and at high altitudes over the field.

- 12 March. Between 0930 and 1400, local flying was practiced by 4 MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s for 45 minutes duration.
- 13 to 17 March. No air activity was observed.
- 18 March. An element of two MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s took off at 0715 and landed after 25 minutes.
- 19 March. There was an army exercise in the Neuruppin area in which aircraft were involved. At 0805, 4 swept-back jet fighters with auxiliary fuel tanks took off in elements of two, headed west at an altitude of 1,000 meters, and landed in elements of two after 50 minutes. At 0900, 2 U-MiG-15s with auxiliary fuel tanks took off in elements of two and headed east at an altitude of 1,500 meters. The landings were made at 1000. At 1015, 9 Il-28s approached from the east and circled over the field at an altitude of about 3,500 meters while changing formation. The elements assembled in 2 formations of 4 aircraft each, while the ninth aircraft flew between the 2 formations. When circling over the field, the individual aircraft fired a smoke signal which formed a line of 100 meters. The Il-28 formation was escorted by 4 MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s, 2 of which flew over the formation while the other 2 flew under the formation. The jet fighters flew at a higher rate of speed than the bombers and circled around the formation. When the formation turned over the field toward the east. the 2 fighters under the formation descended to 50 meters over the field and then climbed to their previous position. The jet fighters were fitted with auxiliary fuel At 1210, 12 jet fighters with auxiliary fuel tanks landed and taxied to the revetments in the northeasterm corner of the field. These jet fighters differed from the standard MiG-15 inasmuch as the leading edge of their rudder assemblies appeared to be curved, and the entire rudder assembly did not seem to be as high as that of the MiG-15. The fuselage did not and

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At about 1213, another formation of 9 Il-28s with auxiliary fuel tanks approached the field. The Il-28s flew in elements of two with an interval of about 500 meters between the individual elements. This formation was also escorted by 4 jet fighters.<sup>4</sup>

## 2. Radio installations.

On 20 March, a single-mast radio installation was observed in the southeastern corner of the first was braced by 4 guy wires at 2 planes.
A 25-meter-long antenna sold sontally from the lower guy wires to the
fence at the southern entering field. A lead-in branched off from the
first third of the 25-meter antenna and extended to a radio truck which had
no visible antenna but a cable connected to a trailer parked at a distance of
30 meters.

- Juring the week after 20 March, Mongolian-looking pilots with clasps were seen in the town. Other air force officers observed in the town apparently were not familiar with the terrain.
- 4. Air activity and aircraft observed between 11 March and 4 April: 11 March. Between 0845 and 1630, there was formation flying by MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s in flights of three. The aircraft took off in an element of three and the third aircraft took off immediately afterward. The landing was also made in an element of two and by 1 individual plane. Between 1900 and 2200, night flying was practiced by swept-back jet fighters. Take-offs and landings were observed while the runway was weakly lighted by the row of small searchlights on the left side of the take-off direction. On both sides of the runway were small searchlights placed on poles about 30 cm high. The southern rew was about 10 meters from the runway and the northern rew 20 to 25 meters from the runway. The lights were hinged and thus could turn in the direction of the take-off and vertically upward. When the runway was fully lighted, 2 large mobile searchlights, 80 to 100 cm in diameter, placed next to the eastern fence along the Wittstock Highway were switched on in addition to 3 hinged small searchlights on the cemetery in the eastern extension of the southern row of runway lights and the row of lamps on the left side of the take-off direction. Three red obstacle lights were fitted on a mast on top of the highest tree in the eastern extension of the runway, at the end of the 3 small searchlights. The poles of the latter 3 lamps increased toward the east. Another red obstacle light was fitted both on the flight control station and the building of the field komendatura.

12 March. Between 0845 and 1400, local flying was practiced by MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s. Simultaneously, take-offs and landings were made by 2 Po-2s. At 1045, 1 Li-2 took off heading east.

13 to 18 March. No air activity was observed.

19 March. Air activity was started at 0845. Flights were made in formations of 2, 3 and 4, in addition to aerobatics which included turns, loops and half rolls with a subsequent bunt. At 0915, squadron wedge formations of 4 x 4 and 3 x 4 I1-28s approached from the north at an altitude of about 4,000 meters. MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s flying in elements of two attacked the individual formations at the same altitude. After the swept-back jet fighters approached up to 400 meters, they peeled off to the side and upward. The formation of I1-28s crossed the field, flew a curve 10 to 20 km south of the field and then approached from the south. The attack practices by swept-back jet fighters continued until about 1120. During the exercises, the jet fighters made intermediate landings and were replaced by other MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s. About 18 jet fighters were continuously aloft. At 1120, the I1-28 formation

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departed heading north. Subsequently, there was regular air activity formations of three. It appeared as if the attack practices agains the bomber unit were held by other personnel than the preceding and subsequent aerobatics and formation flights.  21 March. Between 0930 and 1230, there was formation flying by element two and air combat exercises. The element of two representing the tar flew in close formation and the 2 attacking aircraft flew in a spread element of two.  22 and 23 March. No air activity was observed.  24 March. Between 0830 and 1130, there was formation flying in element two. The aircraft flew through, in and over the clouds. They could occasionally be seen through gaps in the clouds. Diving at ground tar in the Hasenberg area were made at an angle of 30 to 40 degrees.  25 March. No air activity was observed. A total of 28 Mic-15s or U-Mic-15s are two and approach flights at Yak-11s by Mic-15s or U-Mic-15s which flethe same altitude. The swept-back jet fighters approached from the rean angle of 30 to 40 degrees.  27 and 28 March. No flights were observed.  30 March. Between 0630 and 0915 and from 1000 to 1430, dives at groun targets south of Hasenberg were made. After 2000, local flights were while the runway was dimly lighted by one row of lamps. Around 1730, of the northern row were collected on a truck. The two rows of lamps eastern end of the runway were not removed. Each row consisted of 2 and 1 April. Between 0800 and 1700, firing at ground targets was practiced Mic-15s or U-MiC-15s.  2 to 4 April. There was no air activity.  4 Presumed new MiC type.	nts of rget nts of rgets iG-15s, nts of ew at ear at nd made the lamps at the green and 5s or U-MiG- ed by
In early March, 4 jet aircraft which apparently had a thicker fusela, the MiG-15 were observed between the MiG-15s and U-MiG-15s in front southeastern hangar. The thickness of the fusealge of the new aircra compared with that of the MiG-15 was 7.9. The shape of the wings did differ.	of the ft when not
new jet fighters with thicker fuselages were parked in front of the hangar in the southeastern corner of the landing field.	
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4	25X1
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7•	Radio and radar installations.  Two radar sets were observed near the barracks at the eastern end of the athletic field. A Kniferest-type set was east of the barracks and a Fishnet-type set was located on the roof of the barracks. During instrument approach flights at the beacon in early February, the Fishnet rotated while the Kniferest made pendulum movements.	l
8.		25 <b>X</b> 1
9•	At 0830 on 25 March, 12 II-28s were parked on the landing field along the runway south of the eastern end and a sizeable number of MiG-15s U-MiG-15s were seen in the southeastern corner of the landing field. about 0955, some II-28s took off heading east. There was intensive traffic by tank trucks and trucks on the landing field and on the run	or At
10•	Air activity and aircraft observed between 19 March and 1 April:  19 March. A wedge formation of 12 aircraft crossed over the field at altitude. Two vapor trails were seen after each plane. A mobile radiinstallation was observed aft of the old repair hangar. An individual antenna mast was seen. At 1800, 14 Il-28s were parked in front of the hangars.  20 March. No air activity was observed. During the morning, the non-Il-28s were still parked at the field. he aircraft were no longer seat 1500.  1 April. Between 1100 and 1400, 21 MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s were counted the southern edge of the runway. Four aircraft were parked in front hangars. No aircraft were seen in the alert site. Individual aircraft aloft flying over the informations of two an altitude of about the seen and fired at ground targets with livest and altitude of about the seen after a ground targets with livest and fired at ground targets with livest and seen along the seen after a ground targets with livest and seen altitude of about the seen after a ground targets with livest and seen altitude of about the seen after a ground targets with livest and seen altitude of about the seen after a ground targets with livest and seen after a ground targets with livest and seen after a ground targets.	local een at of the t were anded d from
	ammunition. Clouds of dust arose. Each aircraft made 4 or 5 approach flights in succession.	25X1 25X1
11.	Air activity and aircraft observed on 29 March and 1 April: 29 March. Between 0900 and 1630, flying was continuously practiced b MiC-15s or U-MiG-15s. After the landing, the aircraft taxied on the taxiway to the eastern of the runway where 6 tank trucks were parked aircraft were immediately refueled and subsequently took off. The pi were seldom exchanged. The exchanged pilots went into the flight com building. About 30 aircraft were involved in the exercises.  1 April. There was intensive air activity as on 29 March. Flying com even during the short snow flurry.	The. lots trol 25X1 tinued
		25X1
	S- <b>E-</b> C- <b>R</b> - <b>E-</b> T/	25X1
	SECRET	25 <b>X</b> 1

	S-E-C-R-E-T	25 <b>X</b> 1
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12.	Air activity observed between 1 and 7 April:  1 April. Between 1000 and 1700, there was intensive air activity by	
	10 MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s. Six aircraft practiced flying in elements	
	of two for 45 minutes duration and 4 aircraft fired at ground targets.	
	2April: At 1545, a Yak-14 crossed over the town heading north.	
	3 April. At 1140, a MiG-15 or U-MiG-15s took off. 4 to 7 April. No air activity was observed. At 1700 on 6 April, the	
	following MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s were counted at the field:	
	2 on the eastern turning apron, 8 on the landing field, and 7 near	
	the hangars in the southeastern corner of the landing field.	
		25 <b>X</b> 1
1.	Comment. The firing of such a smoke signal	25X1
	is reported for the first time. The signal is presumably to indicate t	
	release of a bomb during an exercise.	25X1 25X1
2.	Comment. The MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s observed during the exercise	25X1
	on 19 March were believed to be ascorting fighters and	05)/4
	attacking fighters he detailed observation i believed to be sorrect.	s 25 <b>X</b> 1
		25 <b>X</b> 1
3.	Comment. The features of the alleged new type described	25X1
	do not agree with known configuration of the MiG-17. A curved leading edge of the rudder assembly was only observed on the type-21	25 <b>X</b> 1
	aircraft which was previously observed in Moscow during the air parade	s in
	1949 and 1951. Efforts have been initiated to obtain more information	
	these alleged new MiG type aircraft.	25X1 25X1
4.	Comment. Neuruppin airfield is still occupied by a fighter regi	
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5•	Comment. The lighting facilities at Neuruppin airfield agree wi those at Justerbog airfield. For location sketch of lights, see Annex.	tn ZSXI
6.	Comment. It has only seldom been reported that the Fishnet-type	
	was seen in operation. It appears that the Kniferest-type radar set is identical with the previously T-shaped structure reported	25X1
	inentifical with the previously reshaped soldowire reported	25X1
		25 <b>X</b> 1
7.	Comment. Truck was previously observed in Wittstoo	
	III rinow.	25 <b>X</b> 1
8.	Comment. Presumably the Il-28s reported	25X1
		25/1
	\$-E-C-R-E-1	25 <b>X</b> 1

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